



Price regulated storage service

Standard Bundled Unit ("SBU")

PARAMETERS OF 1 SBU

Maximum Working Volume	10 450 MWh
Maximum Injection Rate	4.00 MW
Maximum Withdrawal Rate	4.00 MW

INJECTION RATE CURVE AND WITHDRAWAL RATE CURVE

The Injection Rate is determined by the following Injection Rate Curve:

- For a Storage Account fullness between 0% and 50% (inclusive), the Injection Rate is flat and at the maximum level.
- For a Storage Account fullness between 50% and 100%, the Injection Rate shall decline linearly from 100% of Maximum Injection Rate at 50% fullness to 50% of Maximum Injection Rate at 100% fullness.

The Withdrawal Rate is determined by the following Withdrawal Rate Curve:

- For a Storage Account fullness between 100% and 50% (inclusive), the Withdrawal Rate is a flat and at the maximum level.
- For a Storage Account fullness between 50% and 0%, the Withdrawal Rate shall decline linearly from 100% of Maximum Withdrawal Rate at 50% fullness to 50% of Maximum Withdrawal Rate at 0% fullness.

DELIVERY POINTS

Delivery Point for injection: the Delivery Point with the Transmission System - Domestic Point

Delivery Point for withdrawal: the Delivery Point with the Distribution System

Storage Price

Unit Storage Price published in accordance with the decision of the Regulatory Office for Network Industries no. 0044/2025/P dated 3 March 2025:

6.55 EUR/MWh/year

Unit Storage Price applicable to the storage years starting after 31 March 2026 is subject to an indexation as of 1 April of each calendar year according to the following formula.

$$P_t = P_{t-1} * [0,4 + 0,6 * \frac{100 + HIPC_{SK}}{100}]$$

where

P_t is the Unit Storage Price in the respective storage year t (EUR/MWh Working volume/storage year).

P_{t-1} is the Unit Storage Price in the storage year $t-1$, which immediately precedes the respective storage year t (EUR/MWh Working volume/storage year).

HICPSK is the annual rate of inflation measured by the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) in the Slovak Republic, published by the Eurostat office and applicable to the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar



year in which the respective storage year t begins. In the event that the published index has a negative value, it is entered considered as 0.